

# **Shanklea Primary School**

# Supporting Pupils with Medical Conditions Policy

Date policy last reviewed:	March 2024		
Signed by:			
Laura Ritson	Headteacher	Date:	March 2024
Dawn Nicholson	Chair of governors	Date:	March 2024

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### **Statement of intent**

The governing board of Shanklea Primary School has a duty to ensure arrangements are in place to support pupils with medical conditions. The aim of this policy is to ensure that all pupils with medical conditions, in terms of both physical and mental health, receive appropriate support to allow them to play a full and active role in school life, remain healthy, have full access to education (including school trips and PE), and achieve their academic potential.

The school believes it is important that parents of pupils with medical conditions feel confident that the school provides effective support for their children's medical conditions, and that pupils feel safe in the school environment.

Some pupils with medical conditions may be classed as disabled under the definition set out in the Equality Act 2010. The school has a duty to comply with the Act in all such cases.

In addition, some pupils with medical conditions may also have SEND and have an EHC plan collating their health, social and SEND provision. For these pupils, the school's compliance with the DfE's 'Special educational needs and disability code of practice: 0 to 25 years' and the school's Special Educational Needs and Disabilities (SEND) Policy will ensure compliance with legal duties.

To ensure that the needs of our pupils with medical conditions are fully understood and effectively supported, we consult with health and social care professionals, pupils and their parents.

### 1. Legal framework

This policy has due regard to all relevant legislation and guidance including, but not limited to, the following:

- Children and Families Act 2014
- Education Act 2002
- Education Act 1996 (as amended)
- Children Act 1989
- National Health Service Act 2006 (as amended)
- Equality Act 2010
- Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974
- Misuse of Drugs Act 1971
- Medicines Act 1968
- The School Premises (England) Regulations 2012 (as amended)
- The Special Educational Needs and Disability Regulations 2014 (as amended)
- The Human Medicines (Amendment) Regulations 2017
- The Food Information (Amendment) (England) Regulations 2019 (Natasha's Law)
- DfE (2015) 'Special educational needs and disability code of practice: 0-25 years'
- DfE (2021) 'School Admissions Code'
- DfE (2015) 'Supporting pupils at school with medical conditions'
- DfE (2022) 'First aid in schools, early years and further education'
- Department of Health (2017) 'Guidance on the use of adrenaline auto-injectors in schools'

This policy operates in conjunction with the following school policies:

- Administering Medication Policy
- Special Educational Needs and Disabilities (SEND) Policy
- Drug and Alcohol Policy
- Asthma Policy
- Allergen and Anaphylaxis Policy
- Complaints Procedures Policy
- Primary Attendance and Absence Policy
- Pupils with Additional Health Needs Attendance Policy
- Local Authority Admissions Policy

### 2. Roles and responsibilities

The governing board will be responsible for:

- Fulfilling its statutory duties under legislation.
- Ensuring that arrangements are in place to support pupils with medical conditions.
- Ensuring that pupils with medical conditions can access and enjoy the same opportunities as any other pupil at the school.
- Working with the LA, health professionals, commissioners and support services to ensure that pupils with medical conditions receive a full education.

- Ensuring that, following long-term or frequent absence, pupils with medical conditions are reintegrated effectively.
- Ensuring that the focus is on the needs of each pupil and what support is required to support their individual needs.
- Instilling confidence in parents and pupils in the school's ability to provide effective support.
- Ensuring that all members of staff are properly trained to provide the necessary support and are able to access information and other teaching support materials as needed.
- Ensuring that no prospective pupils are denied admission to the school because arrangements for their medical conditions have not been made.
- Ensuring that pupils' health is not put at unnecessary risk. As a result, the board holds the right to not accept a pupil into school at times where it would be detrimental to the health of that pupil or others to do so, such as where the child has an infectious disease.
- Ensuring that policies, plans, procedures and systems are properly and effectively implemented.

The headteacher will be responsible for:

- The overall implementation of this policy.
- Ensuring that this policy is effectively implemented with stakeholders.
- Ensuring that all staff are aware of this policy and understand their role in its implementation.
- Ensuring that a sufficient number of staff are trained and available to implement this policy and deliver against all IHPs, including in emergency situations.
- Considering recruitment needs for the specific purpose of ensuring pupils with medical conditions are properly supported.
- Having overall responsibility for the development of IHPs.
- Ensuring that staff are appropriately insured and aware of the insurance arrangements.
- Contacting the school nurse where a pupil with a medical condition requires support that has not yet been identified.

Parents will be responsible for:

- Notifying the school if their child has a medical condition.
- Providing the school with sufficient and up-to-date information about their child's medical needs.
- Being involved in the development and review of their child's IHP.
- Carrying out any agreed actions contained in the IHP.
- Ensuring that they, or another nominated adult, are contactable at all times.

Pupils will be responsible for:

• Being fully involved in discussions about their medical support needs, where applicable.

- Contributing to the development of their IHP, if they have one, where applicable.
- Being sensitive to the needs of pupils with medical conditions.

School staff will be responsible for:

- Providing support to pupils with medical conditions, where requested, including the administering of medicines, but are not required to do so.
- Taking into account the needs of pupils with medical conditions in their lessons when deciding whether or not to volunteer to administer medication.
- Receiving sufficient training and achieve the required level of competency before taking responsibility for supporting pupils with medical conditions.
- Knowing what to do and responding accordingly when they become aware that a pupil with a medical condition needs help.

The school nurse will be responsible for:

- Notifying the school at the earliest opportunity when a pupil has been identified as having a medical condition which requires support in school.
- Supporting staff to implement IHPs and providing advice and training.
- Liaising with lead clinicians locally on appropriate support for pupils with medical conditions.

Clinical commissioning groups (CCGs) will be responsible for:

- Ensuring that commissioning is responsive to pupils' needs, and that health services are able to cooperate with schools supporting pupils with medical conditions.
- Making joint commissioning arrangements for EHC provision for pupils with SEND.
- Being responsive to LAs and schools looking to improve links between health services and schools.
- Providing clinical support for pupils who have long-term conditions and disabilities.
- Ensuring that commissioning arrangements provide the necessary ongoing support essential to ensuring the safety of vulnerable pupils.

Other healthcare professionals, including GPs and paediatricians, are responsible for:

- Notifying the school nurse when a child has been identified as having a medical condition that will require support at school.
- Providing advice on developing IHPs.
- Providing support in the school for children with particular conditions, e.g. asthma, diabetes and epilepsy, where required.

Providers of health services are responsible for cooperating with the school, including ensuring communication takes place, liaising with the school nurse and other healthcare professionals, and participating in local outreach training.

The LA will be responsible for:

- Commissioning school nurses for local schools.
- Promoting cooperation between relevant partners.

- Making joint commissioning arrangements for EHC provision for pupils with SEND.
- Providing support, advice, guidance, and suitable training for school staff, ensuring that IHPs can be effectively delivered.
- Working with the school to ensure that pupils with medical conditions can attend school full-time.

Where a pupil is away from school for 15 days or more (whether consecutively or across a school year), the LA has a duty to make alternative arrangements, as the pupil is unlikely to receive a suitable education in a mainstream school.

### 3. Admissions

Admissions will be managed in line with the school's Admissions Policy.

No child will be denied admission to the school or prevented from taking up a school place because arrangements for their medical condition have not been made; a child may only be refused admission if it would be detrimental to the health of the child to admit them into the school setting.

The school will not ask, or use any supplementary forms that ask, for details about a child's medical condition during the admission process.

### 4. Notification procedure

When the school is notified that a pupil has a medical condition that requires support in school, the school nurse will inform the headteacher. Following this, if deemed necessary the school will arrange a meeting with parents, healthcare professionals and the pupil, with a view to discussing the necessity of an IHP, outlined in detail in the <u>IHPs</u> section of this policy.

The school will not wait for a formal diagnosis before providing support to pupils. Where a pupil's medical condition is unclear, or where there is a difference of opinion concerning what support is required, a judgement will be made by the headteacher based on all available evidence, including medical evidence and consultation with parents.

For a pupil starting at the school in a September uptake, arrangements will be put in place prior to their introduction and informed by their previous institution. Where a pupil joins the school mid-term or a new diagnosis is received, arrangements will be put in place within two weeks.

### 5. Staff training and support

Any staff member providing support to a pupil with medical conditions will receive suitable training. Staff will not undertake healthcare procedures or administer medication without appropriate training. Training needs will be assessed by the Headteacher, SENDCo and Business Manager through the development and review of IHPs. The school nurse will confirm the proficiency of staff in performing medical procedures or providing medication.

A first-aid certificate will not constitute appropriate training for supporting pupils with medical conditions.

Through training, staff will have the requisite competency and confidence to support pupils with medical conditions and fulfil the requirements set out in IHPs. Staff will understand the medical conditions they are asked to support, their implications, and any preventative measures that must be taken.

Any changes to IHPs will be communicated to staff as and when changes are made.

Medical awareness information guidance will be included in the induction of new staff members.

The school nurse may identify suitable training opportunities that ensure all medical conditions affecting pupils in the school are fully understood, and that staff can recognise difficulties and act quickly in emergency situations.

Training will be commissioned by the SBM and SENDCo under instruction from either the Headteacher or SENDCO and provided by the following bodies:

- Commercial training provider
- The school nurse
- GP consultant or other specialists
- The parents of pupils with medical conditions

The parents of pupils with medical conditions will be consulted for specific advice and their views are sought where necessary, but they will not be used as a sole trainer.

Supply teachers will be:

- Provided with access to this policy.
- Informed of appropriate relevant medical conditions of pupils in the class they are providing cover for.
- Covered under the school's insurance arrangements.

### 6. Self-management

Pupils do not carry their own medicines or devices. These will be held in suitable locations that can be accessed quickly and easily. If a pupil refuses to take medicine or carry out a necessary procedure, staff will not force them to do so. Instead, the procedure agreed in the pupil's IHP will be followed. Following such an event, parents will be informed so that alternative options can be considered.

If a pupil with a controlled drug passes it to another child for use, this is an offence and appropriate disciplinary action will be taken in accordance with our Drug and Alcohol Policy.

### 7. IHPs

The school, healthcare professionals and parents agree, based on evidence, whether an IHP will be required for a pupil, or whether it would be inappropriate or disproportionate to their level of need. If no consensus can be reached, the headteacher will make the final decision.

The school, parents and a relevant healthcare professional will work in partnership to create and review IHPs. Where appropriate, the pupil will also be involved in the process.

IHPs will include the following information:

- The medical condition, along with its triggers, symptoms, signs and treatments
- The pupil's needs, including medication (dosages, side effects and storage), other treatments, facilities, equipment, access to food and drink (where this is used to manage a condition), dietary requirements, and environmental issues
- The support needed for the pupil's educational, social and emotional needs
- The level of support needed, including in emergencies
- Who will provide the necessary support, including details of the expectations of the role and the training needs required, as well as who will confirm the supporting staff member's proficiency to carry out the role effectively
- Who needs to be made aware of the pupil's condition and the support required
- Arrangements for obtaining written permission from parents and the headteacher for medicine to be administered by school staff
- Where confidentiality issues are raised by the parents or pupil, the designated individual to be entrusted with information about the pupil's medical condition
- What to do in an emergency, including contact details and contingency arrangements

Where a pupil has an emergency healthcare plan prepared by their lead clinician, this will be used to inform the IHP.

IHPs will be easily accessible to those who need to refer to them, but confidentiality will be preserved. Parents will asked for updates on an annual basis, or when a child's medical circumstances change, whichever is sooner.

Where a child is returning from a period of hospital education, alternative provision or home tuition, the school will work with the LA and education provider to ensure that their IHP identifies the support the child will need to reintegrate.

### 8. Managing medicines

In accordance with the school's Administering Medication Policy, medicines will only be administered at school when it would be detrimental to a pupil's health or school attendance not to do so.

Pupils under 16 years old will not be given prescription or non-prescription medicines without their parents' written consent.

Non-prescription medicines may be administered in the following situations:

- When it would be detrimental to the pupil's health not to do so
- When instructed by a medical professional
- An Administration of non-prescription medicine form (Appendix D) must be completed by the parent

No pupil under the age of 16 will be given medicine containing aspirin unless prescribed by a doctor. Pain relief medicines will not be administered without first checking when the Page | 8

previous dose was taken, and the maximum dosage allowed. Parental consent must be given before any non-prescribed medicines are administered.

The school will only accept medicines that are in-date, labelled, in their original container, and contain instructions for administration, dosage and storage. The only exception to this is insulin, which must still be in-date, but is available in an insulin pen or pump, rather than its original container.

All medicines will be stored safely. Pupils will be informed where their medicines are at all times and staff will be able to access them immediately, whether in school or attending a school trip or residential visit. Where relevant, pupils will be informed of who holds the key to the relevant storage facility. When medicines are no longer required, they will be returned to parents for safe disposal.

Sharps boxes will be used for the disposal of needles and other sharps.

Controlled drugs will be stored in a non-portable container and only named staff members will have access; however, these drugs can be easily accessed in an emergency. A record will be kept of the amount of controlled drugs held and any doses administered. Staff may administer a controlled drug to a pupil for whom it has been prescribed, in accordance with the prescriber's instructions.

Records will be kept of all medicines administered to individual pupils, stating what, how and how much medicine was administered, when, and by whom. A record of side effects presented will also be held.

### 9. Allergens, anaphylaxis and adrenaline auto-injectors (AAIs)

The school's Allergen and Anaphylaxis Policy is implemented consistently to ensure the safety of those with allergies.

Parents are required to provide the school with up-to-date information relating to their children's allergies, as well as the necessary action to be taken in the event of an allergic reaction, such as any medication required.

The headteacher/SBM and catering team will ensure that all pre-packed foods for direct sale (PPDS) made on the school site meet the requirements of Natasha's Law, i.e. the product displays the name of the food and a full, up-to-date ingredients list with allergens emphasised, e.g. in bold, italics or a different colour.

We buy into the LA Catering SLA, it is the responsibility of the LA catering team to work with any external catering providers to ensure all requirements are met and that PPDS is labelled in line with Natasha's Law.

Staff members receive appropriate training and support relevant to their level of responsibility, in order to assist pupils with managing their allergies.

The administration of adrenaline auto-injectors (AAIs) and the treatment of anaphylaxis will be carried out in accordance with the school's Allergen and Anaphylaxis Policy. Where a pupil has been prescribed an AAI, this will be written into their IHP.

A Register of Adrenaline Auto-Injectors (AAIs) will be kept of all the pupils who have been prescribed an AAI to use in the event of anaphylaxis.

Pupils who have prescribed AAI devices, these will be stored in a suitably safe and central location; in this case, the medical cupboard in the main school office.

Designated staff members will be trained on how to administer an AAI, and the sequence of events to follow when doing so. AAIs will only be administered by these staff members.

In the event of anaphylaxis, the nearest staff member will administer the AAI.

Where a pupil is, or appears to be, having a severe allergic reaction, the emergency services will be contacted even if an AAI device has already been administered.

In the event that an AAI is used, the pupil's parents will be notified that an AAI has been administered and informed whether this was the pupil's or the school's device. Where any AAIs are used, the following information will be recorded on the Adrenaline Auto-Injector (AAI) Record:

- Where and when the reaction took place
- How much medication was given and by whom

For children under the age of 6, a dose of 150 micrograms of adrenaline will be used.

For children aged 6-12 years, a dose of 300 micrograms of adrenaline will be used.

AAIs will not be reused and will be disposed of according to manufacturer's guidelines following use.

In the event of a school trip, pupils at risk of anaphylaxis will have their own AAI carried by the member of staff responsible for them.

Further information relating to the school's policies and procedures addressing allergens and anaphylaxis can be found in the Allergen and Anaphylaxis Policy.

### 10. Record keeping

Written records will be kept of all medicines administered to pupils. Proper record keeping will protect both staff and pupils, and provide evidence that agreed procedures have been followed. Appropriate forms for record keeping can be found in the appendices.

### 11. Emergency procedures

Medical emergencies will be dealt with under the school's emergency procedures.

Where an IHP is in place, it should detail:

- What constitutes an emergency.
- What to do in an emergency.

Pupils will be informed in general terms of what to do in an emergency, e.g. telling a teacher.

If a pupil needs to be taken to hospital, a member of staff will remain with the pupil until their parents arrive. When transporting pupils with medical conditions to medical facilities, staff members will be informed of the correct postcode and address for use in navigation systems.

### 12. Day trips, residential visits and sporting activities

Pupils with medical conditions will be supported to participate in school trips, sporting activities and residential visits.

Prior to an activity taking place, the school will conduct a risk assessment to identify what reasonable adjustments should be taken to enable pupils with medical conditions to participate. In addition to a risk assessment, advice will be sought from pupils, parents and relevant medical professionals. The school will arrange for adjustments to be made for all pupils to participate, except where evidence from a clinician, e.g. a GP, indicates that this is not possible.

### 13. Unacceptable practice

The school will not:

- Assume that pupils with the same condition require the same treatment.
- Prevent pupils from easily accessing their inhalers and medication.
- Ignore the views of the pupil or their parents.
- Ignore medical evidence or opinion.
- Send pupils home frequently for reasons associated with their medical condition, or prevent them from taking part in activities at school, including lunch times, unless this is specified in their IHP.
- Send an unwell pupil to the school office alone or with an unsuitable escort.
- Penalise pupils with medical conditions for their attendance record, where the absences relate to their condition.
- Make parents feel obliged or forced to visit the school to administer medication or provide medical support, including for toilet issues. The school will ensure that no parent is made to feel that they have to give up working because the school is unable to support their child's needs.
- Create barriers to pupils participating in school life, including school trips.
- Refuse to allow pupils to eat, drink or use the toilet when they need to in order to manage their condition.

### 14. Liability and indemnity

The governing board will ensure that appropriate insurance is in place to cover staff providing support to pupils with medical conditions.

The school holds an insurance policy with Zurich covering liability relating to the administration of medication.

In the event of a claim alleging negligence by a member of staff, civil actions are most likely to be brought against the school, not the individual.

### 15. Complaints

Parents or pupils wishing to make a complaint concerning the support provided to pupils with medical conditions are required to speak to the school in the first instance. If they are not satisfied with the school's response, they may make a formal complaint via the school's complaints procedures, as outlined in the Complaints Procedures Policy. If the issue remains unresolved, the complainant has the right to make a formal complaint to the DfE.

Parents and pupils are free to take independent legal advice and bring formal proceedings if they consider they have legitimate grounds to do so.

### 16. Home-to-school transport

Arranging home-to-school transport for pupils with medical conditions is the responsibility of the LA. Where appropriate, the school will share relevant information to allow the LA to develop appropriate transport plans for pupils with life-threatening conditions.

### 17. Defibrillators

The school has a CU Medical i-Pad automated external defibrillator (AED). The AED will be stored in in the front foyer area of the school in an unlocked cabinet.

All staff members and pupils will be made aware of the AED's location and what to do in an emergency. A risk assessment regarding the storage and use of AEDs at the school will be carried out and reviewed annually.

No training will be needed to use the AED, as voice and/or visual prompts guide the rescuer through the entire process from when the device is first switched on or opened; however, staff members will be trained in cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR), as this is an essential part of first-aid and AED use.

The emergency services will always be called where an AED is used or requires using.

Where possible, AEDs will be used in paediatric mode or with paediatric pads for pupils under the age of eight.

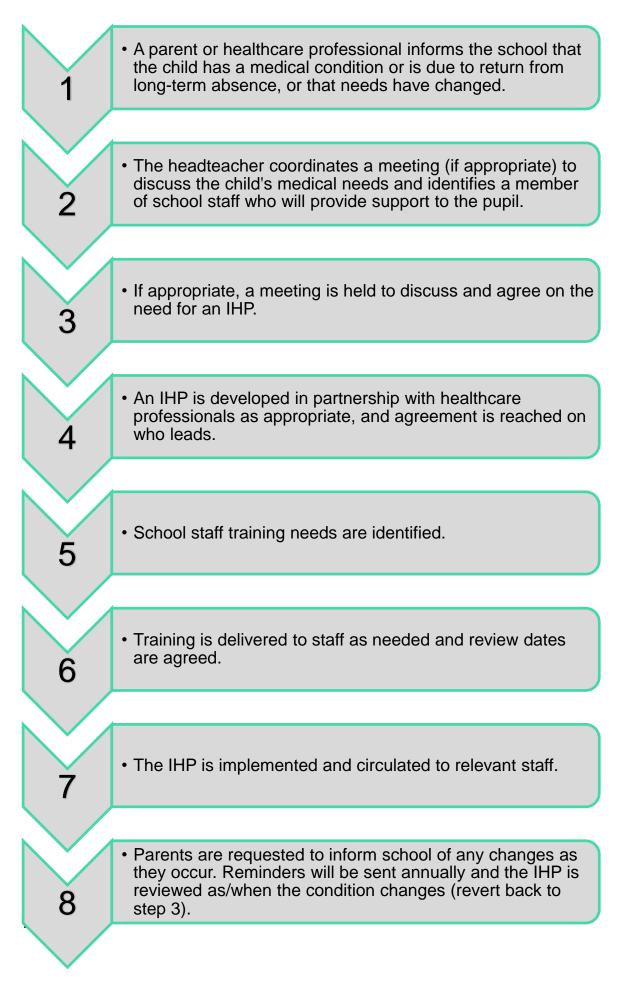
Maintenance checks will be undertaken on AEDs on a monthly basis by office staff, who will also keep an up-to-date record of all checks and maintenance work.

### 18. Monitoring and review

This policy is reviewed on a termly basis by the governing board, school nurse and headteacher. Any changes to this policy will be communicated to all staff, parents and relevant stakeholders.

The next scheduled review date for this policy is March 2025.





## School Individual Healthcare Plan for a Pupil with Medical Needs

Details of child and condition					
Name of child:					
Date of birth:					
Class/Form:					
Medical Diagnosis/Condition:					
Triggers:					
Signs/Symptoms:					
Treatments:					
Treatments:					
Has the Parental Consent Form been completed? ) (Medication cannot be administered without parent					
Date:	Review Date:				
Medication Needs of Child					
Medication:					
Dose:					
Specify if any other treatments are required:					
Can the pupil self-manage his/her medication? Yes/No If Yes, specify the arrangements in place to monitor this:					
Indicate the level of support needed, including in emergencies: (some children will be able to take responsibility for their own health needs)					

Known side-effects of medication:

Storage requirements:

What facilities and equipment are required? (such as changing table or hoist)

What testing is needed? (such as blood glucose levels):

Is access to food and drink necessary? (where used to manage the condition): Yes/No Describe what food and drink needs to be accessed

Identify any dietary requirements:

Identify any environmental considerations (such as crowded corridors, travel time between lessons):

Action to be taken in an emergency (If one exists, attach an emergency healthcare plan prepared by the child's lead clinician):

### Staff Providing Support

Give the names of staff members providing support (State if different for off-site activities):

Describe what this role entails:

Have members of staff received training? Yes/No

(details of training should be recorded on the Individual Staff Training Record, Appendix 4)

Where the parent or child have raised confidentiality issues, specify the designated individuals who are to be entrusted with information about the child's condition:

Detail the contingency arrangements in the event that memb	ers of staff are absent:
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Indicate the persons (or groups of staff) in school who need to be aware of the child's condition and the support required:

### Other Requirements

Detail any specific support for the pupil's educational, social and emotional needs (for example, how absences will be managed; requirements for extra time to complete exams; use of rest periods; additional support in catching up with lessons or counselling sessions)

Emergency Contacts

Family Contact 1	Family Contact 1
Name:	Name:
Telephone <i>Work</i> :	Telephone Work:
Home:	Home:
Mobile:	Mobile:
Relationship:	Relationship:
Clinic or Hospital Contact	GP
Name:	Name:
Telephone:	Telephone:
Work:	Work:
Signatures	
Signed	Signed
(Headteacher)	(Medication Coordinator)

### **Appendix C:**

### Administration of Medication to Pupils Agreement between Parents and School

A parent must supply a written request in order for medication to be administered to pupils during school hours. It is only possible to administer medication that the child's doctor has prescribed. School staff cannot administer 'over-the-counter' medication.

It is also important to keep the administration of medication to a minimum and parents are requested to consider the possibility of administering the daily doses out of school hours. If this is not possible the following consent form must be completed and returned to the school:

Note: Medicines must be kept in the original container as dispensed by the pharmacy.

Part 1 – To be Completed by Parent/Carer				
To the Headteacher: (add name)	School:			
My child (name)	Date of birth:			
Class has the following medical con	ndition			
I wish for him/her to have the following medicine a	dministered by school staff, as indicated below:			
Name of Medication:				
Dose/Amount to be given:				
Time(s) at which to be given:				
Means of administration:				
How long will the child require this medication to b	e administered?			
Known side effects and any special precautions (please attach details)				
Procedures to take in case of emergency (please attach details)				
Emergency Contact 1	Emergency Contact 2			
Name:	Name:			
Telephone Work:	Telephone Work:			
ome: Home:				
Mobile:	Mobile:			

Relationship:	Relationship:	
I undertake to deliver the medicine personally to the Headteacher or Medication Coordinator and to replace it whenever necessary. I also undertake to inform the school immediately of any change of treatment that the doctor or hospital has prescribed.		
Name:	Signature:	
Relationship to child:	Date:	

Part 2 - To be completed by Headteacher/Medication Coordinator				
Confirmation of agreement	to administer medicine			
It is agreed that (child)	will receive (quantity and name of medicine)			
	every day at (time medicine to be administered, for example,			
lunchtime or afternoon break)				
(Child)	will be given medication or supervised whilst he/she takes it by			
This arrangement will continue	e until (either the end date			
for the course of medicine or until the parents instruct otherwise).				
Name: Headteacher/Medication Cool	Signature:			
School:				

### Appendix E: Record of All Medicine Administered to Pupils

Date	Pupil's name	Time	Name of medicine	Dose given	Reactions, if any	Staff signature	Print name

### Appendix F Staff Training Record – Administration of Medication

Name of school	
Name of staff member	
Type of training received	
Date of training completed	
Training provided by	
Profession and title	

I confirm that the staff member has received the training detailed above and is competent to carry out any necessary treatment pertaining to this treatment type. I recommend that the training is updated by the school nurse.

Trainer's signature:

Print name:

Date:

I confirm that I have received the training detailed above.

I confirm that I have received the training detailed above.

Staff signature:

Print name:

Date:

Date:

Date:

Suggested review date:

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### Appendix G

### **Contacting Emergency Services**

If someone requires urgent medical help, emergency service should be called from a phone close to them so that emergency services can gather information and give instructions without delay. Often, this will mean calling from a mobile phone.

# Request an ambulance – dial 999, ask for an ambulance and be ready with the information below.

### Speak clearly and slowly, and be ready to repeat information if asked.

- The telephone number: 01670 715205.
- Your name.
- Your location as follows: Shanklea Primary School, Nairn Road, Cramlington, Northumberland.
- The postcode: NE23 1RQ.
- The exact location of the individual within the school.
- The name of the individual and a brief description of their symptoms.
- The best entrance to use and where the crew will be met and taken to the individual.

Where possible a member of staff should be available to facilitate prompt access to the site and the casualty by emergency services personnel.

### Appendix H : IHP-related Incident Reporting Form

Date of incident	Time of incident	Place of incident	Name of ill or injured person	Details of the illness or injury	Was first-aid administered? If so, give details	What happened to the person immediately afterwards?	Name of first- aider	Signature of first-aider